

Selection Criteria are the requirements the transplant program uses to decide if a transplant is the best option for someone with end stage kidney disease.

Indications:

Patient should:

- Have chronic kidney disease, stage four or five, with Glomerular Filtration Rate (GFR) equal to or less than or equal to 20ml/min, or initiation of dialysis.
- Be medically compliant and capable of following a complex post-operative regimen.
- Have adequate insurance coverage/monetary resources for all aspects of transplant care to include, but not be limited to post-transplant medications, follow-up visits, hospitalization and examinations.

Relative Contraindications:

- Body Mass Index (BMI) greater than 40 kg/m²
- History of multiple complex abdominal surgeries or multiple transplants
- Inadequate urinary outflow

Absolute Contraindications:

- Current diagnosis of cancer or infection that would likely worsen after transplant
- Active substance abuse
- Psychosocial concerns including lack of caregiver support and/or untreated mental health issues

Irreversible medical problems such as, but not limited to:

- Severe aorto-iliac or peripheral vascular disease (added peripheral)
- Symptomatic liver cirrhosis in patients that are not candidates for a liver/kidney transplant
- Severe cardiopulmonary disease
- Cerebrovascular accident (CVA) with significant deficits
- Deconditioned and severely limited functional status
- Multiple co-morbidities that would affect post-transplant survival
- Untreated/undertreated HIV infection